Boggy Creek Improvement District ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT September 30, 2020

Boggy Creek Improvement District

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2020

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

To the Board of Supervisors Boggy Creek Improvement District Orlando, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Boggy Creek Improvement District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Accounting Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



To the Board of Supervisors Boggy Creek Improvement District

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Boggy Creek Improvement District as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Governmental accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated May 27, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Boggy Creek Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

May 27, 2021

Management's discussion and analysis of Boggy Creek Improvement District's (the "District") financial performance provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the District's financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the District and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) Notes to financial statements. The Government-wide financial statements present an overall picture of the District's financial position and results of operations. The Fund financial statements present financial information for the District's major funds. The Notes to financial statements provide additional information concerning the District's finances.

The Government-wide financial statements are the **statement of net position** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net position of governmental activities and the change in net position. Governmental activities are primarily supported by special assessments.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories; 1) net investment in capital assets, 2) restricted and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net position are reported for all Governmental activities.

The statement of activities presents information on all revenues and expenses of the District and the change in net position. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the District. To assist in understanding the District's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities. Governmental activities financed by the District include general government, physical environment and debt service.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the District. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fund financial statements include a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for all governmental funds. A statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual, is provided for the District's General Fund. Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's activities. Individual funds are established by the District to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses or to comply with legal requirements.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the District. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the District's financial standing. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the District's overall financial health and how the District paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the District. All assets of the District, including land, buildings and improvements, and infrastructure are reported in the **statement of net position**. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds are included. The **statement of activities** includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the District, but transactions between the different functions of the District have been eliminated in order to avoid "doubling up" the revenues and expenses. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the District. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities, such as general obligation bonds, are not included in the fund financial statements. To provide a link from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is provided from the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the District. Additional information about the accounting practices of the District, investments of the District, capital assets and long-term debt are some of the items included in the *notes to financial statements*.

Financial Highlights

The following are the highlights of financial activity for the year ended September 30, 2020.

- ♦ The District's total assets were exceeded by total liabilities by \$(46,523,000) (net position). Net investment in capital assets was \$4,471,807 and restricted net assets was \$16,338. Unrestricted net assets was \$(51,011,145).
- ♦ Governmental activities revenues totaled \$6,150,665 while governmental activities expenses and conveyances totaled \$14,043,939.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District

The following schedule provides a summary of the assets, liabilities and net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
	2020	2019		
Current assets	\$ 220,401	\$ 613,577		
Restricted assets	6,254,031	4,855,598		
Capital assets	4,459,683	12,830,358		
Total Assets	10,934,115	18,299,533		
Deferred amount on refunding	4,471,807	4,751,295		
Current liabilities	3,599,342	3,854,334		
Non-current liabilities	58,329,580	57,826,220		
Total Liabilities	61,928,922	61,680,554		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	4,471,807	(42,530,339)		
Restricted net position	16,338	3,912,691		
Unrestricted net position	(51,011,145)	(12,078)		
Total Net Position	\$ (46,523,000)	\$ (38,629,726)		

The decrease in current assets and current liabilities is related to the payment of accounts payable and contracts payable in the current year.

The increase in restricted assets is related to revenues exceeding expenditures in the Debt Service Fund in the current year.

The increase in non-current liabilities was primarily the result of additional draws from the bond anticipation notes in the current year.

The changes in net investment in capital assets and unrestricted net position is related to the reallocation of non-current liabilities for assets conveyed to other governments.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis of the District (Continued)

The following schedule provides a summary of the changes in net position of the District and is presented by category for comparison purposes.

Change in Net Position

	Governmental Activities			
		2020		2019
Program Revenues	ф.	6.040.000	Φ.	4 000 050
Charges for services	\$	6,012,289	\$	4,969,956
Operating contributions General Revenues		9,669		-
Investment earnings		5,370		50,661
Miscellaneous		123,337		368
Total Revenues		6,150,665		5,020,985
_				
Expenses		444.000		444 404
General government		114,930		111,104
Physical environment		609,749		667,302
Interest and other charges		3,560,369		3,079,493
Total Expenses		4,285,048		3,857,899
Conveyances to other governments		(9,758,891)		
Change in Net Position		(7,893,274)		1,163,086
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(38,629,726)		(39,792,812)
Net Position - End of Year	\$	(46,523,000)	\$	(38,629,726)

The increase in charges for services is related to a budgeted increase in special assessments in the current year

The increase in miscellaneous revenues is related to refunds from contractors in the current year.

The decrease in physical environment is primarily related to a plant replacement project in the prior year.

The conveyance in the current year is related to the completion of a road project that was conveyed to the city.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets Activity

The following schedule provides a summary of the District's capital assets as of September 30, 2020 and 2019.

	Governmental Activities			
Description	2020			2019
Construction in progress	\$	3,662,205	\$	12,103,768
Land		726,590		726,590
Improvements other than buildings		70,888		
Total Capital Assets	\$	4,459,683	\$	12,830,358

The activity for the year consisted of \$1,388,216 in additions to construction in progress and \$70,888 to improvements other than buildings and \$9,758,891 of construction in progress was conveyed to other governments.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Actual governmental expenditures were less than final budgeted amounts primarily due to lower hurricane clean up and landscape costs than were anticipated.

The General Fund budget was amended in the current year to bring budgeted balances closer to actual.

Debt Management

Governmental Activities debt includes the following:

- In April 2013, the District issued \$56,815,000 Series 2013 Special Assessment Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of certain improvements for the benefit of the District. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2020 was \$48,085,000.
- In July 2018, the District issued a not-to-exceed \$25,000,000 Bond Anticipation Note. The Note was issued to fund a portion of the Series 2018 Project. The balance outstanding at September 30, 2020 was \$12,576,660.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

Boggy Creek Improvement District's construction is ongoing; however, they do not anticipate economic factors to affect operations for the year ended September 30, 2021.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Request for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Boggy Creek Improvement District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Boggy Creek Improvement District, PFM Group Consulting, LLC, 12051 Corporate Blvd., Orlando, Florida 32817.

Boggy Creek Improvement District STATEMENT OF NET POSITION September 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities	
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 170,645	
Investments	1,298	
Assessments receivable	339	
Accrued interest receivable	229	
Due from developer	1,793	
Due from other governments	16,477	
Deposits	4,550	
Prepaid expenses	25,070	
Total Current Assets	220,401	
Non-current Assets		
Restricted assets		
Cash and investments	6,254,031	
Capital assets, not being depreciated		
Land	726,590	
Construction in progress	3,662,205	
Capital assets, being depreciated		
Improvemnets other than buildings	70,888	
Total Non-current Assets	10,713,714	
Total Assets	10,934,115	
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES		
Deferred amount on refunding	4,471,807	
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	12,636	
Contracts payable	4,067	
Due to other governmental units	797,915	
Bonds payable	1,525,000	
Accrued interest payable	1,259,724	
Total Current Liabilities	3,599,342	
Non-current liabilities		
Bond anticipation notes payable	12,576,660	
Bonds payable, net	45,752,920	
Total Non-current Liabilities	58,329,580	
Total Liabilities	61,928,922	
NET DOCITION		
NET POSITION Not investment in capital assets	A A74 OO7	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service	4,471,807	
Unrestricted	16,338 (51,011,145)	
Total Net Position	\$ (46,523,000)	
TOTAL INCL. I OSITION	Ψ (+0,020,000)	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Boggy Creek Improvement District STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Program	Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities General government Physical environment Interest on long-term debt Total Governmental Activities	\$ (114,930) (609,749) (3,560,369) \$ (4,285,048)	\$ 145,979 774,476 5,091,834 \$ 6,012,289	\$ 1,533 8,136 - \$ 9,669	\$ 32,582 172,863 1,531,465 1,736,910
	General Revenues Investment earnin Miscellaneous Total General			5,370 123,337 128,707
Conveyances to other governments Change in Net Position				(9,758,891) (7,893,274)
	Net Position - Octob Net Position - Septe	·		(38,629,726) \$ (46,523,000)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Boggy Creek Improvement District BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2020

400570	(General	Debt S	Service_		Capital Projects	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS	Φ	457.540	Φ		Φ	40.400	Φ	470.045
Cash	\$	157,516	\$	-	\$	13,129	\$	170,645
Investments		1,298		-		-		1,298
Assessments receivable		339		-		-		339
Accrued interest receivable		4 700		229		-		229
Due from developer		1,793		-		-		1,793
Due from other governments		15,886		-		591		16,477
Prepaid expenses		25,070		-		-		25,070
Deposits		4,550		-		-		4,550
Restricted assets			0.00	00011		04 707		0.054.004
Cash and investments, at fair value			6,23	32,244		21,787		6,254,031
Total Assets	\$	206,452	\$6,23	32,473	\$	35,507	\$	6,474,432
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	12,636	\$	_	\$	-	\$	12,636
Contracts payable		, -		_		4,067		4,067
Due to other governments		-		-		797,915		797,915
Total Liabilities		12,636				801,982		814,618
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenues		1,495		_		_		1,495
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable - deposits/prepaids		29,620		-		-		29,620
Restricted for debt service		-	6,23	32,473		-		6,232,473
Unassigned		162,701				(766,475)		(603,774)
Total Fund Balances		192,321	6,23	32,473		(766,475)	;	5,658,319
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	206,452	\$6,23	32,473	\$	35,507	\$	6,474,432

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Boggy Creek Improvement District RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES September 30, 2020

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$	5,658,319
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets not being depreciated, land, \$726,590, construction in progress, \$3,662,205, and improvements other than buildings, \$70,888, used in governmental activites are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the fund level.		4,459,683
Deferred outflows of resources, deferred amount on refunding net, are not current financial resources and therefore, are not reported at the governmental fund level.		4,471,807
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, \$(60,661,660), net of bond discounts, net, \$807,080 are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported at the governmental fund level.	(59,854,580)
Unavailable revenues are recognized as a deferred inflow at the fund level, revenues are recognized when earned at the government-wide level.		1,495
Accrued interest expense for long-term debt is not a current financial use and therefore, is not reported at the governmental fund level.		(1,259,724)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (46,523,000)

Boggy Creek Improvement District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Totals Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Special assessments	\$ 920,455	\$ 5,091,834	\$ -	\$ 6,012,289
Developer contributions	8,174	-	-	8,174
Miscellaneous revenues	339	-	122,998	123,337
Interest income	 110	5,206	54	5,370
Total Revenues	929,078	5,097,040	123,052	6,149,170
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government	114,930	-	_	114,930
Physical environment	609,749	-	-	609,749
Capital outlay	· -	-	1,388,216	1,388,216
Debt service				
Principal	-	1,450,000	-	1,450,000
Interest	-	3,043,845	-	3,043,845
Total Expenditures	724,679	4,493,845	1,388,216	6,606,740
Excess revenues over/(under) expenditures	204,399	603,195	(1,265,164)	(457,570)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)				
Draws from bond anticipation notes	-	664,632	1,328,638	1,993,270
Transfers in	-	-	5,823	5,823
Transfers out		(5,823)		(5,823)
Total Other Financing Sources/(Uses)	 -	658,809	1,334,461	1,993,270
Net Change in Fund Balances	 204,399	1,262,004	69,297	1,535,700
Fund Balances - October 1, 2019	 (12,078)	4,970,469	(835,772)	4,122,619
Fund Balances - September 30, 2020	\$ 192,321	\$ 6,232,473	\$ (766,475)	\$ 5,658,319

Boggy Creek Improvement District RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances -Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,535,700
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlay is reported as expenditures at the fund level. At the government-wide level it is reported as additions to capital assets. This is the differences between capital outlay (\$1,388,216) and capital asset conveyances (\$(9,758,891)).	(8,370,675)
Repayments of bond principal are expenditures at the fund level, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	1,450,000
Bond anticipation note proceeds are reflected as an other financing source at the fund level, however, they are reflected as an addition to liabilities at the government-wide level.	(1,993,270)
Governmental funds report bond discounts as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost is allocated as amortization expense.	(35,090)
Deferred outflows of resources for refunding debt is recognized as a component of interest on long term debt in the Statement of Activities, but not in the governmental funds. This is the amount of interest in the current year period.	(279,488)
Unavailable revenues are recognized as a deferred inflow at the fund level. However, at the government-wide level revenue is recognized when earned.	1,495
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds; whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditures are reported when due. This is the net amount between the prior year and current year accruals.	(201,946)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (7,893,274)

Boggy Creek Improvement District STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Special assessments	\$ 920,455	\$ 920,455	\$ 920,455	\$ -
Developer contributions	-	8,174	8,174	-
Miscellaneous revenues	-	339	339	-
Interest income	100	110	110	_
Total Revenues	920,555	929,078	929,078	
Expenditures Current General government Physical environment	128,425 792,130	143,779 785,299	114,930 609,749	28,849 175,550
Total Expenditures	920,555	929,078	724,679	204,399
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances - October 1, 2019	- -	- 	204,399 (12,078)	204,399 (12,078)
Fund Balances - September 30, 2020	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 192,321	\$ 192,321

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Boggy Creek Improvement District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The District's more significant accounting policies are described below.

1. Reporting Entity

The District was established in 2001 by an ordinance of the City Council of Orlando, Florida, under the Uniform Community Development District Act of 1980, Chapter 190, Florida Statutes, as amended (the "Act"), as a Community Development District. The District was established for the purposes of financing and managing the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of the infrastructure necessary for community development within its jurisdiction. The District is governed by a five-member Board of Supervisors. The District operates within the criteria established by Chapter 190. The Board has the responsibility for assessing and levying assessments, approving budgets, exercising control over facilities and properties, controlling the use of funds generated by the District, approving the hiring and firing of key personnel, and financing improvements.

The reporting entity for the District includes all functions of government in which the District's Board exercises oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility includes, but is not limited to, financial interdependency, designation of management, significant ability to influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the Boggy Creek Improvement District (the primary government) as a stand-alone government.

Based upon the application of the above-mentioned criteria as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the District has identified no component units.

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the District are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

a. Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Government-wide financial statements report all non-fiduciary information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include the governmental activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities are supported by special assessments and interest. Program revenues include charges for services, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source.

Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

b. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the District is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The District has implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. The Statement requires the fund balance for governmental funds to be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The District has various policies governing the fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification consists of amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by the state constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This classification consists of the Board of Supervisors' intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The assigned fund balances can also be assigned by the District's management company.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This classification is the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned fund balance is considered to be utilized first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Fund Balance Spending Hierarchy – For all governmental funds except special revenue funds, when restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balances are combined in a fund, qualified expenditures are paid first from restricted or committed fund balance, as appropriate, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balances.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

b. Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be an accrual item and so has been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by non-current liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability.

Debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

3. Basis of Presentation

a. Governmental Major Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

3. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

a. Governmental Major Funds (Continued)

<u>2013 Debt Service Fund</u> – Accounts for debt service requirements for the annual payment of principal and interest on long-term debt

<u>2013 Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for construction of infrastructure improvements within the boundaries of the District.

b. Non-current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 requires that non-current governmental assets, such as land and buildings, and non-current governmental liabilities, such as special assessment bonds, be reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity

a. Cash and Investments

Florida Statutes require state and local governmental units to deposit monies with financial institutions classified as "Qualified Public Depositories," a multiple financial institution pool whereby groups of securities pledged by the various financial institutions provide common collateral from their deposits of public funds. This pool is provided as additional insurance to the federal depository insurance and allows for additional assessments against the member institutions, providing full insurance for public deposits.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

a. Cash and Investments (Continued)

The District is authorized to invest in those financial instruments as established by Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. The authorized investments consist of:

- 1. Direct obligations of the United States Treasury;
- 2. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust or any intergovernmental investment pool authorized pursuant to the Florida Interlocal Cooperative Act of 1969;
- 3. Interest-bearing time deposits or savings accounts in authorized qualified public depositories;
- 4. Securities and Exchange Commission, registered money market funds with the highest credit quality rating from a nationally recognized rating agency.

Cash equivalents include time deposits and certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less and held in a qualified public depository as defined by Section 280.02. Florida Statutes.

b. Restricted Assets

Certain net position of the District are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of Net Position because their use is limited either by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; or by restrictions imposed externally by creditors. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net position and then from unrestricted net position.

c. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column.

The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. The valuation basis for all assets is historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

4. Assets, Liabilities and Net Position or Equity (Continued)

d. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is the consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reported period. Deferred amount on refunding is amortized and recognized as a component of interest expense over the life of the bond.

e. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The District only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenues are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amounts become available.

f. Budgets

Budgets are prepared and adopted after public hearings for the governmental funds, pursuant to Chapter 190, Florida Statutes. The District utilizes the same basis of accounting for budgets as it does for revenues and expenditures in its various funds. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level. All budgeted appropriations lapse at year end. Formal budgets are adopted for the general and debt service funds. As a result, deficits in the budget variance columns of the accompanying financial statements may occur.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

"Total fund balances" of the District's governmental funds, \$5,658,319, differs from "net position" of governmental activities, \$(46,523,000), reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheet. The effect of the differences is illustrated on the next page.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

1. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position (Continued)

Capital related items

When capital assets (that are to be used in governmental activities) are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets is reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position included those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.

Land	\$ 726,590
Improvements other than buildings	70,888
Construction in progress	 3,662,205
Total	\$ 4,459,683

Deferred outflow/ inflows of resources

Deferred outflow of resources are not financial resources, and therefore, are not recognized at the fund level.

Deferred amount on refunding, net \$ 4,471,807

Unavailable revenues are recognized as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level. Revenues are recognized when earned at the government-wide level.

Unavailable revenues \$ 1.495

Long-term debt transactions

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities (both current and long-term) are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Balances at September 30, 2020 were:

Bonds payable	\$ (48,085,000)
Bond anticipation notes payable	(12,576,660)
Bond discount, net	807,080
Total	\$ (59,854,580)

Accrued interest

Accrued liabilities in the Statement of Net Position differ from the amount reported in governmental funds due to accrued interest on bonds.

Accrued interest \$ (1,259,724)

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

2. Explanation of Differences Between the Governmental Fund Operating Statements and the Statement of Activities

The "net change in fund balances" for government funds, \$1,535,700, differs from the "change in net position" for governmental activities, \$(7,893,274), reported in the statement of activities. The differences arise primarily from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Activities versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds. The effect of the differences is illustrated below.

Capital related items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the cost of those assets are capitalized at the government wide level and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. As a result, fund balances decrease by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas, net position changes by the amount of capital additions net of any depreciation charged for the year.

Capital outlay	\$ 1,388,216
Conveyances to other governments	 (9,758,891)
Total	\$ (8,370,675)

Long-term debt transactions

Repayments of bond principal are reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds and, thus, have the effect of reducing fund balance because current financial resources have been used.

Debt principal payments	\$ 1,450,000
Bond anticipation note draws	(1,993,270)
Bond discount amortization	 (35,090)
Total	\$ (578,360)

Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Net change in accrued interest payable	\$ (201,946)
Decrease in deferred amount on refunding	 (279,488)
Total	\$ (481,434)

Deferred inflows of resources

Unavailable revenues are recognized as deferred inflows of resources at the fund level. Revenues are recognized when earned at the government-wide level.

Unavailable revenues	\$ 1.495

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

All deposits are held in qualified public depositories and are included on the accompanying balance sheet as cash and investments.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk, however, they follow the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes regarding deposits and investments. As of September 30, 2020, the District's bank balance was \$209,072 and the carrying value was \$170,645. Exposure to custodial credit risk was as follows. The District maintains all deposits in a qualified public depository in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 280, Florida Statutes, which means that all deposits are fully insured by Federal Depositors Insurance or collateralized under Chapter 280, Florida Statutes.

As of September 30, 2020, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment	Maturities	F	air Value
State Board of Administration Florida Prime	46 days*	\$	1,298
Managed Money Market	N/A		5,244,655
Business Money Market	N/A		1,009,376
Total		\$	6,255,329

^{*} Weighted Average Maturity

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy recently established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset, or paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The District uses a market approach in measuring fair value that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or similar assets, liabilities, or groups of assets and liabilities.

Assets or liabilities are classified into one of three levels. Level 1 is the most reliable and is based on quoted prices for identical assets, or liabilities, in an active market. Level 2 uses significant other observable inputs when obtaining quoted prices for identical or similar assets, or liabilities, in markets that are not active. Level 3 is the least reliable and uses significant unobservable inputs that use the best information available under the circumstances, which includes the District's own data in measuring unobservable inputs.

Based on the criteria in the preceding paragraph, the investments in Money Market Funds are Level 1 assets.

NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District's investment policy allows management to invest funds in investments permitted under Section 218.415, Florida Statutes. Among other investments, the policy allows the District to invest in the State Board of Administration Florida Prime Trust Funds. Cash placed with the State Board of Administration represents the District's participation in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund Investment Pool and is reported at fair value. As a pool participant the District invests in pools of investments in which shares are owned in the pool rather than the underlying investments.

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District's investments are limited by state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The State Board of Administration Florida Prime is an authorized investment under Section 218.415, Florida Statues. The District's Investments in the state investment pool and government loans are limited by the state statutory requirements and bond compliance. The District has monies invested with the State Board of Administration Florida Prime, at September 30, 2020. This fund met the requirements of a "2a-7 like pool" as defined in Government Accounting Standards Board. Statement 31.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one fund. The investments in Money Market Funds are 84% and the US Bank Money Market is 16% of the District's total investments. The investments in the State Board of Administration Florida Prime are less than 1% of the District's total investments.

The types of deposits and investments and their level of risk exposure as of September 30, 2020 were typical of these items during the fiscal year then ended. State Board of Administration Florida Prime is rated AAAm per Standard & Poor's. The Money Market Mutual Funds are not rated by any nationally recognized agency.

The District considers any decline in fair value for certain investments to be temporary.

NOTE D - SPECIAL ASSESSMENT REVENUES

Assessments are non-ad valorem assessments on all assessable property within the District. Assessments are levied to pay for the operations and maintenance and debt service of the District. Operations and maintenance assessments are levied on an annual basis and debt service assessments are levied at the issuance of bonds and certified for collection on an annual basis. The fiscal year for which annual assessments are levied begins October 1 and, if collected using the Uniform Method of Collection, with the discounts available for payments through February 28 and become delinquent on April 1. Alternatively, the District adopts a resolution provided for the collection dates and directly collects the assessments.

NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital Asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 726,590	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 726,590
Construction in progress	12,103,768	1,388,216	(9,829,779)	3,662,205
Improvements other than buildings		70,888		70,888
Total Capital Assets	\$ 12,830,358	\$ 1,459,104	\$ (9,829,779)	\$ 4,459,683

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of activity for long-term debt of the District for the year ended September 30, 2020:

Long-term debt at October 1, 2019 Note proceeds Principal payments Long-term Debt at September 30, 2020 Less bond discount, net Total long-term debt, net, September 30, 2020	\$	60,118,390 1,993,270 (1,450,000) 60,661,660 (807,080) 59,854,580
\$56,815,000 Series 2013 Special Assessment Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds due in annual principal installments beginning May 2014 and maturing May 2043. Interest at a rate of 5.125% due in May and November beginning November 2013. Current portion is \$1,525,000.	<u>\$</u>	48,085,000
In July 2018, the District issued a bond anticipation note with a principal amount of not to exceed \$25,000,000 with an interest rate of 4.5%. Interest will be due semi-annually commencing November 1, 2018.	<u>\$</u>	<u> 12,576,660</u>

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest of bonded debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
_	_				
2021	\$ 1,525,000		\$ 2,464,356	\$	3,989,356
2022	1,600,000		2,386,200		3,986,200
2023	1,685,000		2,304,200		3,989,200
2024	1,770,000		2,217,844		3,987,844
2025	1,860,000		2,127,131		3,987,131
2026-2030	10,830,000		9,104,306		19,934,306
2031-2035	13,900,000		6,030,331		19,930,331
2036-2040	11,930,000		2,231,425		14,161,425
2041-2043	2,985,000		311,088		3,296,088
Totals	\$ 48,085,000	_	\$ 29,176,881	 \$	77,261,881

Future payments on the Series 2018, Bond Anticipation Note are not included in the above amortization schedule as the District is continuing to make draws on the note.

Summary of Significant Bonds Resolution Terms and Covenants

The District levies special assessments pursuant to Section 190.022, Florida Statutes and the assessment rolls are approved by resolutions of the District Board. The collections are to be strictly accounted for and applied to the debt service of the bond series for which they were levied. The District covenants to certify for collection special assessments in annual amounts adequate to provide for payment of principal and interest on the bonds. Payment of principal and interest is dependent on the money available in the debt service fund and the District's ability to collect special assessments levied.

The bonds are subject to extraordinary mandatory redemption prior to maturity, in whole on any date, or in part on an interest payment date, without premium, together with accrued interest to the redemption date if monies are available to retire the debt in accordance with the provisions of the indenture.

The bond resolution and the trust indenture provide for the establishment of certain accounts. The accounts includes, among others, a construction, revenue, redemption, reserve, interest and prepayment account and are maintained by a trustee.

NOTE F - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Summary of Significant Bonds Resolution Terms and Covenants (Continued)

The bond indenture provides for Debt Service Reserve Funds, which shall be held by the Trustee separate and apart from all other funds. The following is a schedule of reserve requirements and balances in the reserve accounts at September 30, 2020:

	Reserve	Reserve
	Balance	Requirement
Series 2013, Special Assessment		
Revenue and Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$ 3,951,513	\$ 3,950,278
Series 2018, Bond Anticipation Note	\$ 1,006,133	\$ 1,006,133

NOTE G – INTERLOCAL AGREEMENTS

The District previously entered into an interlocal agreement related to cost sharing for certain infrastructure projects with Myrtle Creek Improvement District ("Myrtle Creek") and Greeneway Improvement District ("Greeneway"). These districts are related through a common developer. The agreement provides for the improvement to be constructed, acquired or otherwise provided by the District and that the District will be reimbursed for these costs from Myrtle Creek and Greeneway. The projected costs related to the agreement total approximately \$33.8 million, with costs to be split 36% for Greeneway, 31.5% for Myrtle Creek and 32.5% for the District. The District, Myrtle Creek and Greeneway also previously entered into an agreement regarding interchange maintenance costs based on the same cost allocation.

The District was also previously entered into a cost sharing agreement with Myrtle Creek regarding maintenance cost associated with Lake Nona Gateway Road. The District agreed to share the maintenance costs based on allocation of 50.1% for Myrtle Creek and 49.9% for the District.

In August 2015, the District entered into a contribution and interlocal agreement with Orange County regarding Lake Nona Boulevard intersection improvements. The County agreed to make a contribution of no more than \$2,200,000 toward County approved costs incurred by the District completing intersection improvements. The first contribution was received in the current year.

In August 2016, the District entered into an interlocal agreement with Greeneway Improvement District regarding the shared construction costs of Nemours Parkway (phase 7). Upon Greeneway's receipt of an invoice from the contractor, the Engineer will review it and make a determination as to the portion that will be due by Boggy Creek Improvement District.

NOTE H - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCY

A significant portion of the District's activity is dependent upon continued involvement of the Developer, Lake Nona Land Company, LLC, the loss which could have a material adverse effect on the District's operations. At September 30, 2020, the Developer owned a significant amount of the assessable property located within the District's boundaries.

NOTE I – RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District maintains commercial insurance coverage to mitigate the risk of loss. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the District. The District has not filed any insurance claims in any of the previous three fiscal years.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Supervisors Boggy Creek Improvement District Orlando, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Boggy Creek Improvement District, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Boggy Creek Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Boggy Creek Improvement District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Boggy Creek Improvement District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



To the Board of Supervisors Boggy Creek Improvement District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Boggy Creek Improvement District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Diegne Joonlos Glam Daines + Frank

Fort Pierce, Florida

May 27, 2021

Certified Public Accountants PL

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MANAGEMENT LETTER

To the Board of Supervisors Boggy Creek Improvement District Orlando, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Boggy Creek Improvement District as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated May 27, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Florida Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and our Independent Auditor's Report on an examination conducted in accordance with *AICPA Professionals Standards*, AT-C Section 315, regarding compliance requirements in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports, which are dated May 27, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding financial audit report. There were no findings or recommendations in the preceding financial audit report.

Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not Boggy Creek Improvement District has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and to identify the specific conditions met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Boggy Creek Improvement District did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1) Florida Statutes.

Private Companies practice Section



To the Board of Supervisors Boggy Creek Improvement District

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for Boggy Creek Improvement District. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Boggy Creek Improvement District's financial condition; our financial condition assessment was based in part on the representations made by management and the review of the financial information provided by the same as of September 30, 2020.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not note any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Supervisors, and applicable management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

May 27, 2021

Certified Public Accountants PL

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT/COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 218.415, FLORIDA STATUTES

To the Board of Supervisors Boggy Creek Improvement District Orlando, Florida

We have examined Boggy Creek Improvement District's compliance with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management is responsible for Boggy Creek Improvement District's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Boggy Creek Improvement District's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and, accordingly, included examining, on a test basis, evidence about Boggy Creek Improvement District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our examination provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our examination does not provide a legal determination on Boggy Creek Improvement District's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, Boggy Creek Improvement District complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements during the year ended September 30, 2020.

Berger, Toombs, Elam, Gaines & Frank

Certified Public Accountants PL

Fort Pierce, Florida

May 27, 2021